Seat No.: 465

NF-102

November-2023

BBA., Sem.-V

CC-306: Direct Tax

Time: 21/2 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 70

1. Write short notes on:

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- (i) Gross Total Income
- (ii) Assessment Year and Previous Year

OR

1. R.B. Singh furnishes the following particulars of his income earned during the previous year relevant to the assessment year 2023-24:

d.	Particulars Pa	(₹)
1.	Interest on Thomas Development Bonds (one-sixth received in India).	1,35,000
2.	Income from agriculture land in Bangladesh, received there but later on remitted to India.	
3.	Interest from property in USA received in India.	1,15,000.
4.	Income earned from business in China which is controlled from Ahmedabad (3,87,500 is received in India).	7,87,500
5. ¹	Profit from business in Bengaluru and managed from outside India (50% of the profit is received outside India).	25,000
6.	Interest on Fi with Indian company but received outside India.	16,000 •
7.	Pension from former employer in India but received in Germany.	1,25,000,
8.	Past profit from business generated in 2020 from Japan brought in India during current year.	2,00,000
9.	Dividend received outside India from shares of foreign company.	1,50,000
10.	Income from agriculture land situated in India.	2,00,000
11.	Interest received on Bank Fixed Deposits.	50,000 *
12.	Profit on sale of property in India but received abroad.	1,75,000 •
13.	Profit from property in a foreign. (not brought in India)	8,25,000
14.	Dividend on shares of Indian Companies, received directly outside India.	50,000

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Find out the gross income of R.B. Singh for the assessment year 2023-24:

- (A) If he is resident and Ordinarily resident in India.
- (B) If he is resident but not Ordinarily resident in India.
- (C) If he is non-resident in India.
- 2. Compute the salary of a specified employee, Shree Ram for the previous year relevant to assessment year 2023-24 from the data made available to you:
 - (1) Basic Salary: He joined on 1-7-2018 in the grade pay 20,000-2,000-26,000-5,000-56,000, the increment falling due on 1st July every year.

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- (2) Dearness Allowance ₹ 1,70,400
- (3) Bonus and Commission ₹ 32,000
- (4) Entertainment Allowance ₹ 2,000 p.m.
- (5) Children Education Allowance ₹ 600 p.m. (for 1 child)
- (6) The employer has provided him a flat (+ furniture etc.) for which the employer pays rent of ₹ 20,000 p.m. The employer has spent ₹ 5,84,000 on its furniture.
- (7) The employer has provided a chauffeur-driven car; all expenses are borne by the employer. The car is for office and private use and has 1.8 litres cubic capacity engine.
- (8) The employer contributes @ 14% of basic pay towards his recognised provident fund.
- (9) Interest creditecto his P.F. A/c @ 9.5% is ₹ 22,400.
- (10) The employer has made the following deductions from his pay
 - (i) Employee's P.F. contribution 14% of basic pay.
 - (ii) Professional Tax ₹ 4,800 (Annual).
 - (iii) Recovery of token rent for the accommodation @ 10% of basic pay.
 - (iv) Recovery of excess commission paid during the year ₹ 4,000.

OR

- 2. (A) Explain the provisions of 'Perquisites' under Income-Tax Act.
- 2. (B) Shri Kuldeep employed in a firm retires after 32 years and 6 months of service on 31-3-2023 and receives a gratuity of ₹ 11,66,835. His average monthly salary for the ten months before the month of retirement was ₹ 40,000. Is the amount of gratuity received by the assesse exempted from tax? Compute the exempted gratuity.

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 Following is the Profit & Loss A/c of Mr. Kartik who is trading a specific chemical, for the year ending 31st March, 2023.

Cr. Profit & Loss A/c Dr. Amt. (₹) **Particulars** Amt (₹) **Particulars** 15,00,000 **Gross Profit** 4.50,000 Salary. 60,000 15,000 Discount **Bad-Debts** Bad-Debt Recovery. 30,000 Bad-Debt Reserve -(50% not allowed in 75,000 General Expenses .1 30,000 75,000 past) Insurance Premium. Interest and Dividend 1,50,000 15,000 Sales Tax 45,000 Deposits Interest of Interest on Capital Post Office 60,000 27,000 Advance Income tax. 45,000 Advertisement. 9.000 Donation^a 30,000 Motor Car Expense. 18,000 Telephone Expense 36,000 Depreciation-9,30,000 Net Profit 18,00,000 18,00,000

Additional Information

- (1) Salary includes \$0,000 paid to Mr. Kartik.
- (2) General Expenses includes ₹ 30,000 for payment being made for personal purchase of Mr. Kartik.
- (3) Advertisement includes ₹ 27,000 spent on purchase of new permanent sign board.
- (4) Motor Car expenses includes ₹ 12,000 towards personal purpose.
- (5) Insurance premium includes ₹ 30,000 of Life Insurance premium.
- (6) Allowable depreciation as per income tax is ₹ 45,000.
- (7) An unrecorded income of ₹ 60,000 of chemical trade is found out from passbook.

From the above information find out taxable income of Mr. Kartik for the previous year 2022-23.

OR

Receipt & Payment A/c

Receipts	Amt. (₹)	Payments	Amt. (₹)	
To Balance B/F	1,50,000	Clinic Rent	6,60,000	
Visit Fee	9,30,000	Electricity	3,00,000	
Consulting fees	11,10,000	Purchase of medical books	30,000	
Sale of Medicine	90,000	Purchase - surgical equipments	m) bed miles	
Operation theatre Rent	2,70,000	through Bank Ioan (1-2-23)	3,90,000	
Sale of Surgical		Motor Expense	36,000	
Instruments (1/10/22)	33,000	Purchase of medicines	1,35,000	
Income from house rent	48,000	Lions Club membership fees	3,000	
Salary from Medical	N	Medical Association membership	,	
College	1,02,000 fe	ees	6,000	
Royalty (Net)	27,000 In	surance	39,000	
Profit in card games	60,000 M	unicipal Taxes	12,000	
nterest	69,000 Sta	aff Salary	8,40,000	
ift from patients lide	11,000 Pay	yment to Bank loan (Instalment	Paga Paga	
	₹ 3	6,000 + Interest)	39,000	
	Tra	velling Expense	60,000	
ting to the second	Bala	ance C/F	4,50,000	
30,0	0,000		30,00,000	

Additional information:

The opening balance of surgical equipment was ₹ 1,80,000, depreciation allowed (1) is 40%.

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- (2) Loss in Cards games amounted to ₹ 4,646.
- (3) Municipal Tax of ₹ 4,500 of let-out house is included in above municipal taxes.
- (4) Travelling expenses includes ₹ 18,000 for family pilgrimage and ₹ 42,000 towards his exclusive business promotion tour.
- (5) The opening WDV of motor was ₹ 6,00,000. Depreciation allowable is 15%. The 1/5th use of motor car is for personal purpose.
- (6) The opening stock and closing stock of medicine is ₹ 1,05,000 and ₹ 30,000 respectively.

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Compute his taxable income from business.

4. (A) Explain any three "Deemed owners" of house property under Income-Tax Act.

OR

- 4. (A) Discuss "Income from other sources" in detail. State the main incomes which are included under this head.
- 4. (B) Discuss the terms "Short term capital gains" and "Long term capital gains".

OR

- 4. (B) Pareshkumar has furnished the following particulars of his investments for the year ending on 31st March, 2023:
 - (1) ₹ 6,00,000 9% municipal debentures.
 - (2) ₹ 6,40,000 7.50% (1) free securities of Indian Govt.
 - (3) ₹ 2,00,000 7,50% Port Trust Bonds.
 - (4) ₹ 3,60,000 10% tax-free debentures of Vinayak Ltd. (TDS @ 10%).
 - (5) ₹ 20,000 6.50% treasury savings deposit certificates.
 - (6) ₹ 10,000 9% Preference Shares of a company.
 - (7) ₹ 80,000 tax-free debentures of ABC Ltd. listed on recognised stock exchange in India. (TDS @ 10%)

He had taken a loan for purchasing tax-free securities of Indian Govt. and paid interest of ₹ 13,480. He also paid ₹ 6,000 interest on loan for purchasing debentures of Vinayak Ltd. He paid ₹ 520 bank commission for the collection of interest and ₹ 60 for the collection of dividend ₹ 9000.

Compute the taxable income for A.Y 2023-24 under the head of "Income from other sources".

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taxable income from business. (allowed / not allowed)

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Personal incomes or personal expenditures are _____ at the time of calculating

(9)	profe	is not an admissible e	xpense	e in relation to Income from business and
	(a)	Office rent Paid	(b)	Salary paid to staff
	(c)	Life Insurance Premium	(d)	Municipal tax on business premises
(10)	Any	amount transferred to rese	rve is	totally disallowed for the calculation of
		me from Business and profes		
(11)	Any	gift received by an indivi	dual f	rom his "relative" (as prescribed in the
	Inco	ome Tax Act) is fully	•	(Taxable / Exempted)
(12)	Div	idend declared by a foreign of	ompar	ny and received by an ordinary resident in
	Indi	a is fully (taxable / tax	(free)	
(13)	Max	ximum limit of gratuity recei	ved by	an employee covered under the "Gratuity
	Act	- 1972". (₹ 20,00,000 / ₹ 30,0	00,000	
(14)	G.S	.T. istax. (direct	/ indire	ect)
		Silve		